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ANOTHER DAY PASSES WITHOUT NEWS OF ANY MARKED SUCCESSES

Except That Fighting Continues Briskly in Poland There Is a Paucity of News.

The British Naval Bombardmen Has Been Renewed in the Western Theatre.

LONDON, Nov. 30 .- Another day of battle between the Russians and the Germanic allfes in Poland has passed without news of a decisive result The Berlin official statement tonight says there is nothing of importance to report from Poland, while the Russian government rests on its warning against over-optimism.

The facts, as gleaned from correspondents dispatches, appear to be that three semi-independent engagements are progressing between Thorn on the north and Cracow on the south, in which both combatants have achieved local successes, without a distinct victory for either.

ed local succases, without a distinct victory for either.

Some British military experts believe Field Marabal von Hindenburg's forces have been split into three units, one of which is almost enveloped, while the Russians have driven a wedge between the German army and its Austrian ally in the region of Cracow. They declare the Germans have consistently under-estimated the qualities of their Muscovite opponents and have opposed them with a body composed almost wholly of second line troops, but now are rushing heavy reinforcements from the western line to svert a Pollah Sedan. They express the opinion that the issue depends on whether these arrive in time.

Berlin reports the failure of the Russian attack on the fortlifications east of Darkehmen, in East Prussia, with heavy losses, while unofficial massages from Petrograd describe an important Russian gain and the capture of ten miles of trenches northeast of Lods.

Advices from Helland report that

Advices from Holland report that railway traffic, newspaper and posts in the Brussels region are entirely suspended, it is presumed for the purpose of suppressing news of a movement of German troops to the eastword.

The only development of the day in the western theatre was the renewal of the British naval bombardment of

the German base at Zeebrugge.
Engiand was surprised at the announcement that King George had left last night on a visit to the British headquarters in France, where he is certain of an enthusiastic reception from the soldiers.
This was the fortleth birthday are

niversary of Winston Spencer Church-ill, first lord of the samiralty, and the

him, pay a tribute to his remarkable career. The asyentieth birthday anniversary of the Queen Moth Alexandra will be celebrated tomorrow.

Dutch papers say the Germane have imposed, an indemnity of \$7,000,000 monthly on Beigium for the duration of the war for the maintenance of the troops, and, in addition, \$75,000,000 as a war levy for neutrally violations.

Laxemburg reports that the Germans have paid a subvisantial sum for damages resulting from their occupation of the Grand Duchy.

Home of Confederate Leader to Be Sold

(By Associated Press.)

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 30.—An order directing that the Gainesville, Ga., home of General Longstreet, the famous Confederate leader, be advortised for sale was signed here today by Federal Judge W. T. Newman. The property is now oward by Mrs. Hales D. Longstreet, the nameral's widow.

The court, however, directed the sheriff of Hall County, Georgia, to await further orders before selling the home, which is involved in Higgstron resulting from a hankruptcy petition siled by Mrs. Longstreet.

Bosume Parcel Post Envice.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Resumpton of parcel post service between a United States and Germany and matria-Hungary was announced by astmaster General Burleson tonight a order sent to call postmasters directed them until further nected to test for mailing to the countries med all parcel which conform to prescribed conditions of the inmational parcel post service.

WORLD'S NEED AT PRESENT AND ESTIMATE FOR NEXT YEAR ASKED FOR

FOR BENEFIT OF **COTTON RAISERS**

Secretary Bryan Asked to Secure All Possible Information on This Subject.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30 .-- The world's need for cotton at the present time and the estimated demand for investigation by state department officials. The treasury department tonight announced that Secretary Mc-Adoo had requested Secretary Bryan to secure all possible informaticu on this subject.

United States consuls have been instructed to make careful investiga-

The reports from the consuls will be complied here each month and probably will be made public for the use of cotton producers. The treasury atatemes, says:

"Secretary McAdoo has requested accretary Regards has a faculty."

"Secretary McAdoo has, requested Secretary Bryan to make an inquiry, through American consuls in all parts of the world, regarding the actual demand for cotton at this time and the calculated demand for 1916. "Accurate information regarding cotton consumption will be valuable as it will give an intelligent idea as

to the demand and will permit the in-formation of cerrect judgment as to the economic value of cotton. The secretary of state and the secretary of commerce are cooperating with the secretary of the treasury to get re-liable information of this character, and the figures when received will be published. Reports by the consuls will be made beginning the first of De-cember and on the first of each month ollowing.

following.

"In prosecuting this inquiry, Secretary Bryan has instructed all consuls by cable to make a careful investigation and report, beginning the first of December, and mouthly thereafter, of statistics relating to the stocks of raw cotton and cotton yapda in mills and warehouses compared with the same period last year: the present rate of cotton manufacture per month, together with the number of spindles together with the number of spindles engaged, and the number of persons employed; and information showing the comparative stocks of cotton goods and comparative estimate of cotton goods for delivery during 1915. The consuls in Egypt, India, China and Russia have been instructed to report the most reliable estimates of the cotton yield for 1914."

Will Drop Bil.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.— As a result of a conference today between the federal reserve board and Chairman Glass, of the house currency committee, administration leaders in Congress will drop the bill to amend the Aldrich-Veerland law so as to per-mit national banks to use 100 per cent of commercial paper instead of 30 per cent as a bests in the issue of emergency currency.

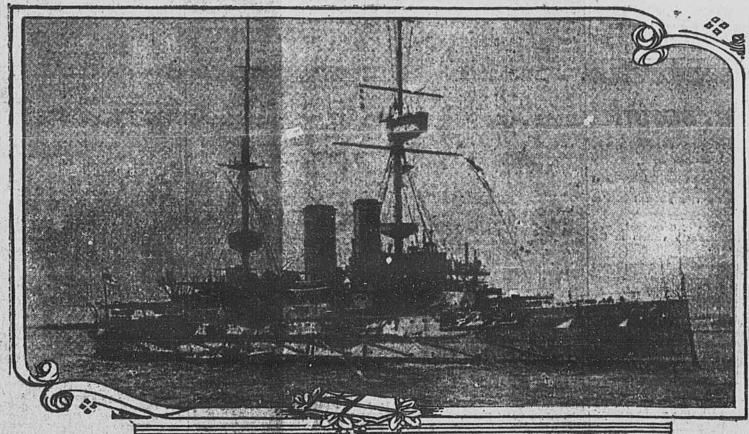
Justice McReynolds **Delivers First Opinion**

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, How, 36.-Justice Sterkyholog today delivered his first opinion in the Supreme Court. The case decided arcse over the title to cortain land along the Tennessee-North Carolina boundary line. Although the court held recently that the line was along Slick Rose Creek as claimed by North Carolina, which would place the land in that State, Justice McRaynolds today held that title granted by Tennessee to land now held by the Smoky Mountain Land Company, and adjusticated as valid, should remain undisturbed because of the rights of imposent partless according during years past.

R. P. Clinicscales, Jr. of Starr

British Battleship Was Blown Up Right in Mouth of the Thames.



If the suspicion of the British people that a German submarine blew up the battleship Bulwark, proves correct it was the most daring exploit of the war. For the ship was supposed to be safe in a British harbor only 35 miles below London. The mouth of the Thames is said to have been min-ed at the beginning of the war, and the channels left were said to be

known only to the admiralty.

A submarine would have found A submarine would have found it necessary to travel only 400 miles from her base at Heligoland or Cuxhaven to have reached the mouth of the Thames. Some of them have been found in the English Channel, which is farther off. Then the sinking of the Audaclous at the north of Ireland proved how far they could go from their base. The Germans have been more and more dering in handling of nore and more daring in handling of Gaptain Weddigen, who eank the Hogus, Cressy, and Aboukir, had to travel 200 miles from his base, which up to that time was considered an impossible feat for a submarine.

HELGOLAND 380 MILES HAMES 70 LONDON 35 MILES Since no British harlow is more safely mined than that at the mouth of the Thames, in order to protect London, the proof that a German submarine had reached across great shock to the people of England.

The admiralty insisted that the expension was in the magazine of the from Cuxhaven or Heligoiand and ship, but the public suspected that a sent a torpedo into the vessel in the battleships of the navy, but was pow- a chance.

Mine Adrift In Pathway Of All Vessels Entering NewYork Harbor

(By Associated Prest.)

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—A mine with five contact points extending from it is affoat six miles west of Fire Inland Light, according to Captain Davies, of the steamship Etonian, in today from London. Captain Davies said that he passed the mine about ten o'clock this morning while his ship was bound in.

The possibility that it had been placed adrift in the belief that it might eventually find lodgment against the ride of a warship caused some speculation. The only warships seen recently near New York harbor have flown the British fing. For some time British warships patrolled the doorway to the harbor, passing and re-passing the spot where Captain Davies said the mine was adrift. be strift lies in the pathway traveled by all trans-Atlantic vessels leaving A recent report that a mine had been lost by, or had been missing from the Brooklyn navy yard was or by what agencies it was set adrift, whether its presence, was accidental mandant's office.

The Center of Importance Has Been Transferred to Eastern War Theatre

to London, Nov. 20, 10.55 p. m.)—The east gradually is coming into its own. These familiar with conditions have recognized for three weeks that the center of importance has been transferred to the eastern war theatre. The departure of Emperor William to the eastern front, General von Hindenburg's appointment as a field marchal and the publication of appreciative telegrams to the eastern of the eastern commanders have directed attention to the fact that events in Pointal are of the greater importance of those in Finneers and stong the Aisne.

The presence of Emperor William at Fried Sarahal von Hindenburg's headquarters is interpreted here as indicating that everything is thought to be soint well. The emperor has conferred the Order of Secrit on Gen. London, Nov. 30, 19.55 p. m.)-The

(By Associated Trees.)

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—via The Hague Lowicz in the following telegram: "The Ninth army corps, under yo achievements in the past days will stand in history as shining examples of fortitede, endurance and valor.

"Communicate this to our splendid troops with my imperial thanks, to which I wish to give tangible form by conferring on you the Order of Merit. God be with you and our standards in the future."

General Mackensen in an order of the day issued when he had received the empoyor's telegram said:

"I am rejoiced to announce to my heroic troops this sign of appreciation, which belongs to the whole ninth army."

German Fleet In South Atlantic; **Powerful British Fleet Nearby**

SHOEBURY

(By Associated Press.) MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Nov. 30 .-

The recent reports that the German fleet is now in the South Atlantic appear to have been confirmed here today. It is also rumored that a pow-

erful British fleet is nearby.

Interruption of British shipping and the outfitting of German merchant ships with supplies were accepted here as confirmatory of reports of the approach of the German fleet, which is there has been no report from her now believed to be off the moran of

Cordoba with coal and the Mera with coal and water.

Sailing of British steamers from Montevideo and the Brazilian port of Santos has been suspended.

Marine records show that the there has been no report from her. The latest record of the Patagonia is The German steamer Patagonia 1, her arrival on October 22 at Tenerific being loaded here with provisions, 2 Canary Islands.

Warships Patrolling The Atlantic Between New York and Panama

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Nov. 30.--At least 12 British warships are now patrolling the Atlantic between New York and the Panama Canal, sweeping the seas with their wireless, crowling ordinary commercial radios from the air, and keeping close check on all forms of shipping, according to wireless operators on the steamship Amon that arrived here today from Cristabal.

The wireless, activity of these war vessels, the operators said, is causing great inconvenience to the commercial work of American vessels, as the high-powered waves of the raen-3twar are heard continually in unter disregard of commercial business.

The Anson brought from the canal some ten members of the congressional committee on appropriations who have been making an official inspection of the great waterway. the Atlantic between New York and

The Ancon had as steerage passeng ers a party of 24 United States soldiers, prison is who were brought to the United litates to serve various terms for violation of military regula-tions.

Believed to be Wireless Tower. (By Associated Fress.)

BOSTON, Nov. 30.—A fower they believed to be part of a wireless plant set up by one of the belligerents was sighted on Toro Cay, an isolated spot in the Carribbean sea, by officers of the steamer San Joe, they reported, on the arrival of their vessel today. Captain McKinnon, of the steamer, said the afructure was a new Cro,

Mrs. Jack Sadler and little day

PRESIDENT WILL NOT SEEK TO MOLD OPINION OF CON-**GRESS ON RESOLUTIONS**

THE PRESIDENT'S POSITION CLEAR

This is no Time to Agitate Question of Preparedness of United States for War.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30,— While President Wilson is not expected to mould the position of Congress on washington, Nov. 30.— While President Wilson is not expected to mould the position of Congress on Representative Gardner's resolution for an investigation of the military strength of the United States, officials close to the White House said tonight he would oppose the investigation if asked for an opinion. The president is understood to think that such an inquiry is untimely and would mot disclose any information not aiready in hand.

The President's position was made clear tonight by administration officials after it became known he had written Mr. Gardner a letter saying he was ready to discuss the question with him at any time, Mr. Gardner will be at the White House tomorrow to make an engagement for an interview within the next few days.

The position of the administration toward the Gardner resolution, outlined tonight, is that this no time to agitate the question of preparedness of the United States for war. The President hopes the nation may play an important part in bringing the present European war to a close and his advisers believe suggestions for peace would come with bad grace from a country in the threes of a discussion of possible war.

Another reason administration leaders give for opposing the Gardner resolution is that in his speech in the House supporting the movement, Er. Gardner attacked Germany, and they

House supporting the movement, Mr. Gardner attacked Germany, and they think the adoption of the combition would make it appear that the action was directed principally against the nation.

nation:
When the resolution was first introduced the President characterised the proposed investigation as "pleasant mental exercise" and said the results achieved would depend entirely on the character of the commission making it.

Administration loaders and the commission of the character of the commission making it.

making it.

Administration leaders said tonight the President realizes the importance of military lessons taught by the present war and takes the position that everything possible should be learned by the United States, though he does not regard the present as a time for military discussion in Congress.

Need More Men For American Warships

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The need of 240 additional officers and about 4,600 men to equip American warships was explained today by the house naval affairs committee by Rear Admiral Blue, chief of the navigation bureau of the navy department.

Referr L; to the fact that the department still was purphasing hydrographic charts from the Heitish government, the admiral said the United States was issuing more and more

States was issuing more and more charts each year, and that ultimately charting by the United States would be as complete as that of any other nation.

Increase in Appropriations WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Appropriations of \$104,124,512 to carry the army through the coming year are proposed in estimates the war department has just completed for submission to Congress. This is an increase of \$3,105,200 over the turrent year's appropriations.

Protests Against the German Bombardment

AMSTERDAM, vis London, Nov. 30, —(7:15 p. m.)—The Tild says the chamber of commerce of Armentieres has sent to the American convol at Dunkirk, with a request that he forward it to Washington, a protest against the Gorman bombardment of that place. The protest declares several women and children have been set on fire and that the city is not being used for military purposes by the Allies, not a single soldier being there.

Stanton-Crawford.

Mr. Haskell Crawford and Miss Alice Stanton of near Belton were flappily marvied Sunday masning at 10 o'clock. Art. Crawford is a 'ver, handsome young man, about 30 years of age, which leaves his bride only 18 years of age. We wish the young couple much joy and sucree in life.